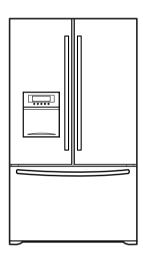


REFRIGERATOR SERVICE MANUAL

CAUTION
BEFORE SERVICING THE PRODUCT,
READ THE SAFETY PRECAUTIONS IN THIS MANUAL.



MODELS: LFD21860ST

LFD21860SW

LFD25860ST LFD25860TT

LFD25860SB LFD25860SW COLORS: WESTERN BLACK(SB)

TITANIUM(TT)

SUPER WHITE(SW) STAINLESS(ST)

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SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Please read the following instructions before servicing your refrigerator.

- 1. Unplug the power before handling any elctrical componets.
- 2. Check the rated current, voltage, and capacity.
- 3. Take caution not to get water near any electrical components.
- 4. Use exact replacement parts.
- 5. Remove any objects from the top prior to tilting the product.

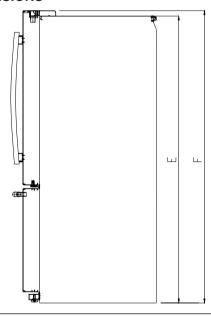
1. SPECIFICATIONS

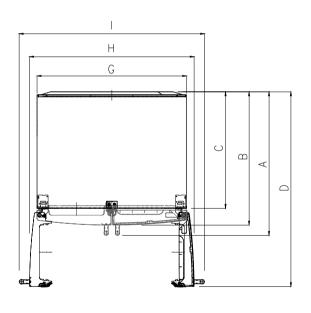
21 cu. ft./25 cu. ft.

ITEMS	SPECIFICATIONS
DOOR DESIGN	Side Rounded
NET WEIGHT (pounds)	298 (21 cu. ft.)
NET WEIGHT (pounds)	320 (25 cu. ft.)
COOLING SYSTEM	Fan Cooling
TEMPERATURE CONTROL	Micom Control
DEFROSTING SYSTEM	Full Automatic
DEFNOSTING STSTEM	Heater Defrost
DOOR FINISH	PCM, VCM, Stainless
HANDLE TYPE	Bar
INNER CASE	ABS Resin
INSULATION	Polyurethane Foam

ITEMS		SPECIFICATIONS		
VEGET	ABLE TRAY	Opaque Drawer Type		
COMPF	RESSOR	PTC Starting Type		
EVAPO	RATOR	Fin Tube Type		
CONDENSER		Wire Condenser		
REFRIGERANT		R-134a (115 g)		
LUBRIC	CATING OIL	ISO10 (280 ml)		
DEFRO	STING DEVICE	SHEATH HEATER		
LAMP	REFRIGERATOR	60 W (2 EA)		
	FREEZER	60 W (1 EA)		

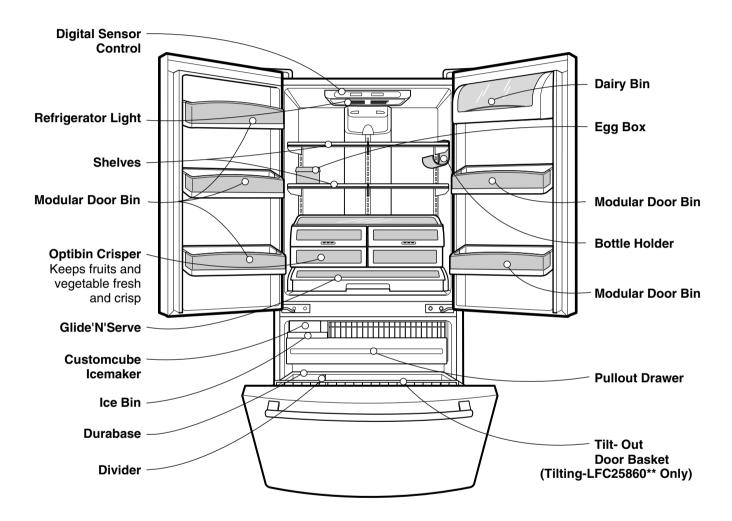
DIMENSIONS





Description	LFD21860**	LFD25860**	
Depth w/ Handles	Α	30 in.	34 1/4 in.
Depth w/o Handles	В	27 1/2 in.	31 3/4 in.
Depth w/o Door	С	23 5/8 in.	27 7/8 in.
Depth (Total with Door Open)	D	42 1/4 in.	46 1 /2 in.
Height to Top of Case	E	68 3/8 in.	68 3/8 in.
Height to Top of Door Hinge	F	69 3/4 in.	69 3/4 in.
Width	G	35 3/4 in.	35 3/4 in.
Width (door open 90 deg. w/o handle)	Н	39 1/4 in.	39/1/4 in.
Width (door open 90 deg. w/ handle)	I	44 1/4 in.	44 1/4 in.

2. PARTS IDENTIFICATION

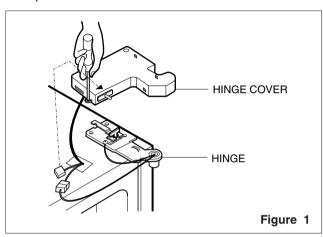


3. DISASSEMBLY

3-1 DOOR

Refrigerator door

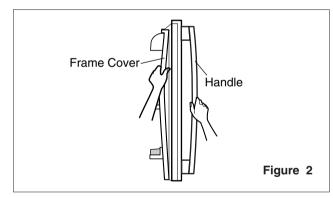
- Remove the top hinge cover and disconnect the wire harness.
- 2. Remove the ground screw.
- 3. Rotate the lever hinge and lift off hinge.
- 4. Lift off the refrigerator door.
- 5. Replace in the reverse order.



Door gasket removal

1. Remove door frame cover

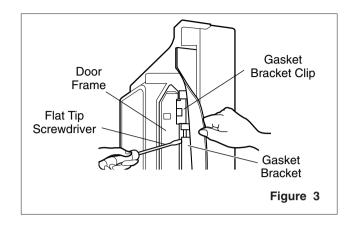
Starting at top of cover and working down, snap cover out and away from door.



2. Remove gasket bracket clips

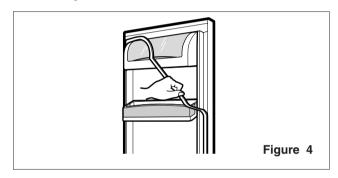
There are two clips on each door. Start bracket removal near one of the middle clips.

- Pull gasket back to expose gasket bracket clip and door frame.
- Insert a flat tip screwdriver into seam between gasket bracket and door frame and pry back until clips snaps out
- Continue prying back along seam until all clips snap out.



3. Remove gasket

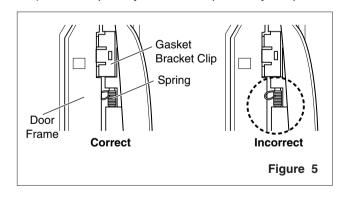
Pull gasket free from gasket channel on the three remaining sides of door.



Door gasket replacement

1. Insert gasket bracket clips

- 1) Insert gasket bracket edge beneath door frame edge.
- 2) Turn upper gasket bracket spring so that both spring ends are in the door channel.
- 3) Push in clip until you hear it snap securely into place.

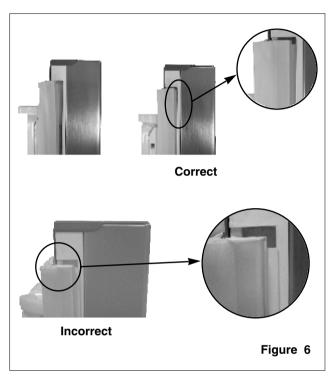


 Push in remaining two clips until you hear each snap securely into place.

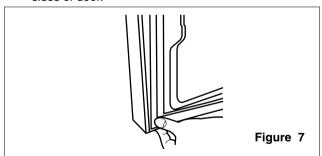
Note: Make sure that no part of gasket bracket edge protrudes from beneath door frame edge.

2. Insert gasket into channel

1) Snap gasket assembly into the door bracket. Inserting the gasket assembly into the bracket door

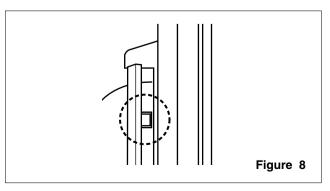


2) Press gasket into channels on the three remaining sides of door.



3. Replace door frame cover

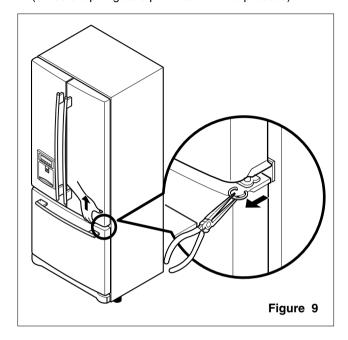
Starting at top of cover and working down, snap the cover back into door.



3-2 DOOR ALIGNMENT

If the space between your doors is uneven, follow the instructions below to align the doors:

- 1. With one hand, lift the door you want to raise at middle hinge.
- 2. With other hand, use pliers to insert snap ring as shown.
- 3. Insert additional snap rings until the doors are aligned. (Three snap rings are provided with the product.)



3-3 HOW TO REMOVE AND REINSTALL THE PULLOUT DRAWER

3-3-1 FOLLOW STEPS TO REMOVE

Step 1) Open the freezer door.



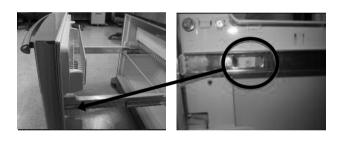
Step 3) Remove the two screws from the guide rails (one from each side).



Step 2) Remove the lower basket.

Step 4) Lift the freezer door up to unhook it from the rail support and remove.

Pull both rails to full extension.



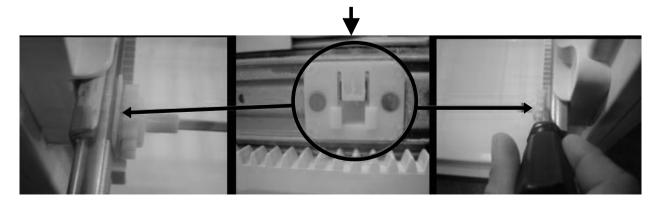


Step 5) First: Remove the gear from the left side first by releasing the tab behind the gear, place a screwdriver between the gear and the tab and pull up on the gear.

Second: Remove the center rail.

Third: Remove the gear from the right side by following the same steps for the left side.

NOTE: THIS TAB MUST BE PUSHED IN TO RELEASE THE GEAR.



3-3-2 FOLLOW STEPS TO REINSTALL

Step 1) Reinstall the right side gear into the clip.







Step 2) Insert the rail into the right side gear. Gears do **not** need to be perpendicular to each other.

Step 3) Insert the rail into the left side gear, and insert the gear into the clip.



Step 4) The rail system will align itself by pushing the rails all the way into the freezer section.

Pull the rails back out to full extension.



Step 5) Reinstall the freezer door by inserting the rail tabs into the guide rail.





Step 6) Reinstall the two screws into the guide rails (one from each side).



Step 7) Reinstall the lower basket, and close the freezer door.

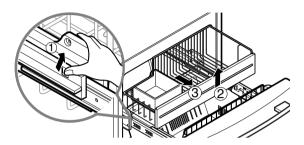




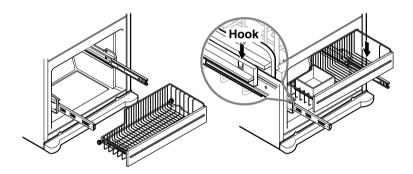
3-3-3 PULL OUT DRAWER

To separate the drawer, push the front left and right hooks in \bigcirc direction to pull up and remove.

Then gently lift the gear part of rear left and right side of the drawer and pull it out in 3 direction.



To install, reposition the gear part of rear left and right side of the drawer after pulling out both rails as much as possible, and gently push down both left and right side while checking the hook on the front part.



4. ADJUSTMENT

4-1 COMPRESSOR

4-1-1 Role

The compressor intakes low temperature and low pressure gas from the evaporator of the refrigerator and compresses this gas to high-temperature and high-pressure gas. It then delivers the gas to the condenser.

4-1-2 Composition

The compressor includes overload protection. The PTC starter and OLP (overload protector) are attached to the outside of the compressor. Since the compressor is manufactured to tolerances of 1 micron and is hermetically sealed in a dust and moisture-free environment, use extreme caution when repairing it.

4-1-3 Note for usage

- (1) Be careful not to allow over-voltage and over-current.
- (2) If compressor is dropped or handled carelessly, poor operation and noise may result.
- (3) Use proper electric components appropriate to the particular compressor in your product.
- (4) Keep compressor dry. If the compressor gets wet (in the rain or a damp environment) and rust forms in the pin of the Hermetic Terminal, poor operation and contact may result. If the hermetic connector rusts out or fails, refrigerant and oil will be expelled into the contact area, probably resulting in smoke and fire.
- (5) When replacing the compressor, be careful that dust, humidity, and soldering flux don't contaminate the inside of the compressor. Contamination in the cylinder may cause noise, improper operation or even cause it to lock up.

4-2 PTC-STARTER

4-2-1 Composition of PTC-Starter

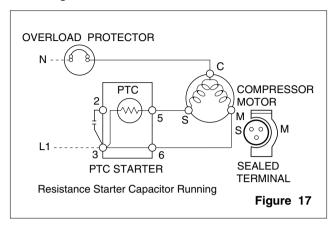
- PTC (Positive Temperature Coefficient) is a no-contact semiconductor starting device which uses ceramic material consisting of BaTiO3.
- (2) The higher the temperature is, the higher the resistance value. These features are used as a starting device for the motor.

4-2-2 Role of PTC-Starter

- The PTC is attached to the sealed compressor and is used for starting the motor.
- (2) The compressor is a single-phase induction motor. Durign the starting operation, the PTC allows current flow to both the start winding and main winding.

4-2-3 PTC-Applied circuit diagram

Starting method for the motor



4-2-4 Motor restarting and PTC cooling

- (1) It requires approximately 5 minutes for the pressure to equalize before the compressor can restart.
- (2) The PTC device generates heat during operation. Therefore, it must be allowed to cool before the compressor can restart.

4-2-5 Relation of PTC-Starter and OLP

- (1) If the compressor attempts to restart before the PTC device is cooled, the PTC device will allow current to flow only to the main winding.
- (2) The OLP will open because of the overcurrent condition. This same process will continue (3 to 5 times) when the compressor attempts to restart until the PTC device has cooled. The correct OLP must be properly attached to prevent damage to the compressor.

Parts may appear physically identical but could have different electrical ratings. Replace parts by part number and model number. Using an incorrect part could result in damage to the product, fire, injury, or possibly death.

4-2-6 Note for using the PTC-Starter

- (1) Be careful not to allow over-voltage and over-current.
- (2) Do not drop or handle carelessly.
- (3) Keep away from any liquid.
 If liquid such as oil or water enters the PTC,
 PTC materials may fail due to breakdown of their insulating capabilities.
- (4) If the exterior of the PTC is damaged, the resistance value may be altered. This can cause damage to the compressor and result in a no-start or hard-to-start condition.
- (5) Always use the PTC designed for the compressor and make sure it is properly attached to the compressor. Parts may appear physically identical but could have different electrical ratings. Replace parts by part number and model number. Using an incorrect part could result in damage to the product, fire, injury, or possibly death.

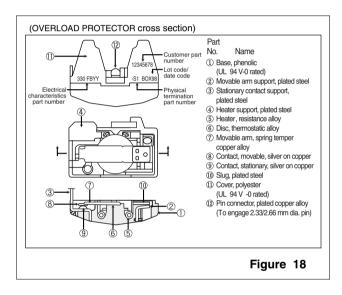
4-3 OLP (OVERLOAD PROTECTOR)

4-3-1 Definition of OLP

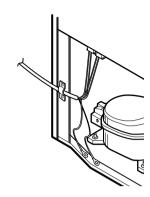
- (1) OLP (OVERLOAD PROTECTOR) is attached to the compressor and protects the motor by opening the circuit to the motor if the temperature rises and activating the bimetal spring in the OLP.
- (2) When high current flows to the compressor motor, the bimetal works by heating the heater inside the OLP, and the OLP protects the motor by cutting off the current flowing to the compressor motor.

4-3-2 Role of the OLP

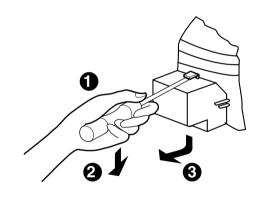
- (1) The OLP is attached to the sealed compressor used for the refrigerator. It prevents the motor coil from being started in the compressor.
- (2) For normal operation of the OLP, do not turn the adjustment screw of the OLP in any way.



4-4 TO REMOVE THE COVER PTC

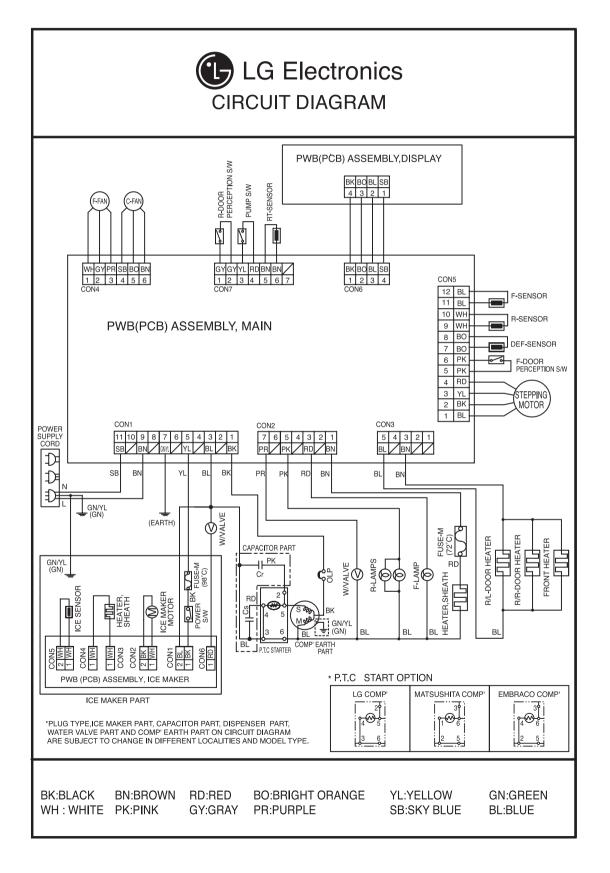


- (1) Remove the back cover of the mechanical area..
- (2) Disconnect the two connectors on the top of the compressor..
- (3) Loosen two screws on compressor base.



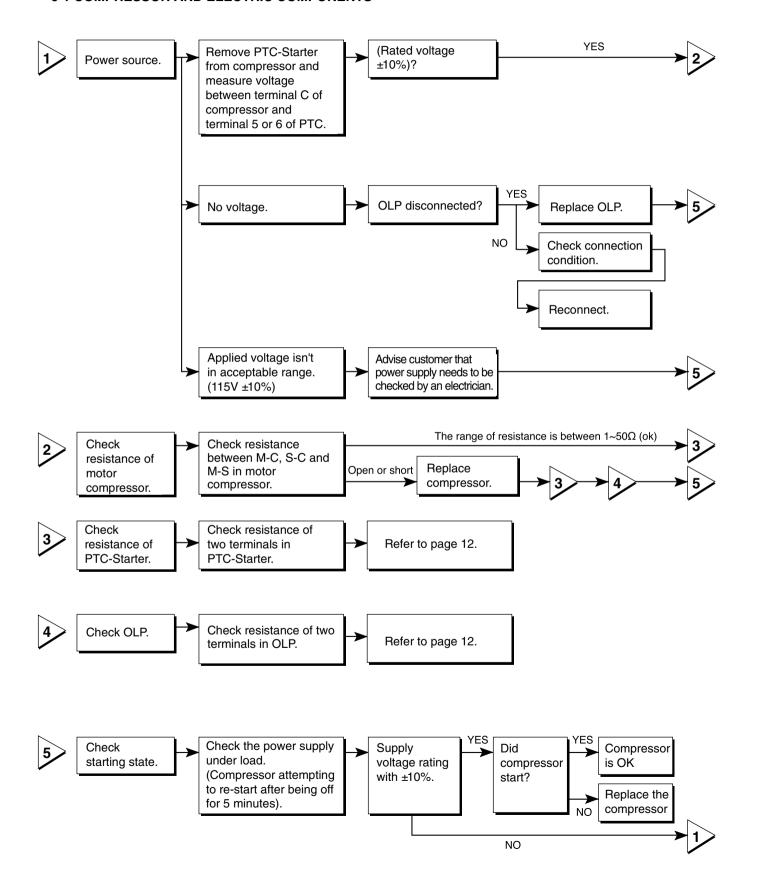
- (4) Use a flat screwdriver to pry off the cover.
- (5) Assembly is the reverse order of disassembly.

5. CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

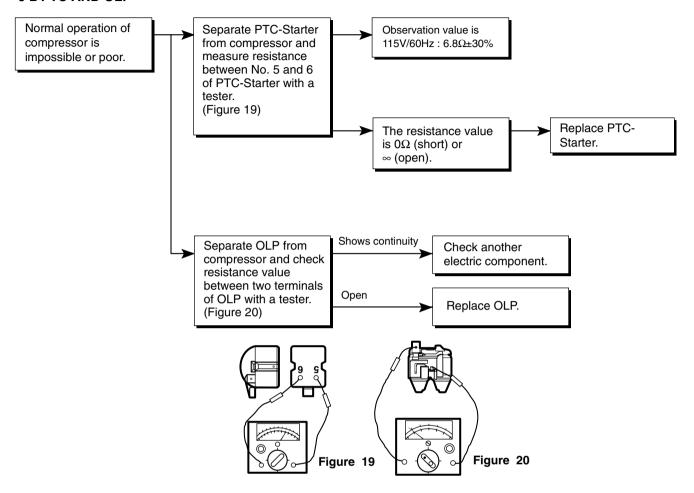


6. TROUBLESHOOTING

6-1 COMPRESSOR AND ELECTRIC COMPONENTS

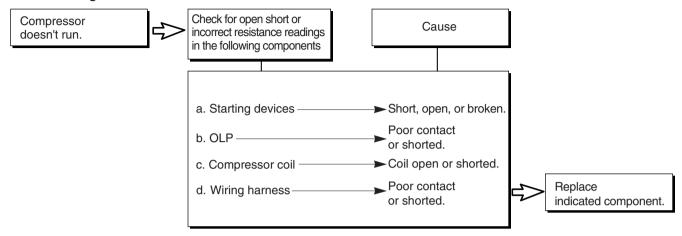


6-2 PTC AND OLP

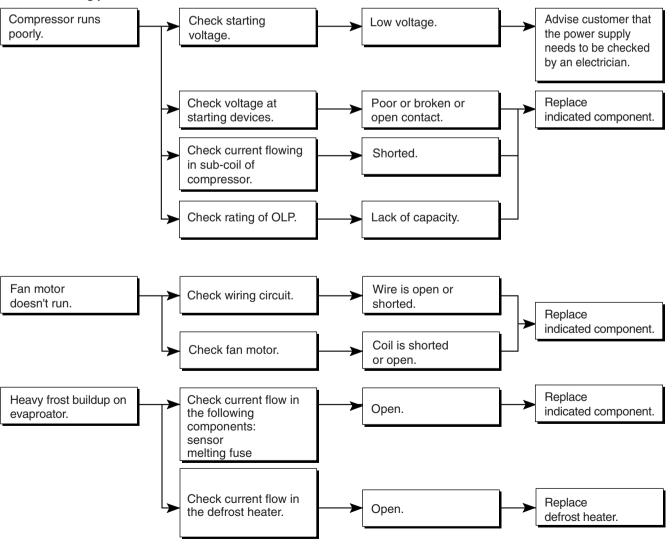


6-3 OTHER ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS

▼ Not cooling at all



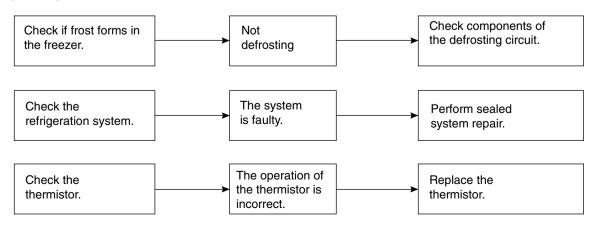
▼ Poor cooling performance



6-4 SERVICE DIAGNOSIS CHART

COMPLAINT	POINTS TO BE CHECKED	REMEDY
No Cooling.	 Is the power cord unplugged from the outlet? Check if the power switch is set to OFF. Check if the fuse of the power switch is shorted. Measure the voltage of the power outlet. 	 Plug into the outlet. Set the switch to ON. Replace the fuse. If the voltage is low, correct the wiring.
Cools poorly.	 Check if the unit is placed too close to the wall. Check if the unit is placed too close to the stove, gas cooker, or in direct sunlight. Is the ambient temperature too high or the room door closed? Check if food put in the refrigerator is hot. Did you open the door of the unit too often or check if the door is sealed properly? Check if the Control is set to warm position. 	 Place the unit about 4 inches (10 cm) from the wall. Place the unit away from these heat sources. Lower the ambient temperature. Put in foods after they have cooled down. Don't open the door too often and close it firmly. Set the control to recommended position.
Food in the Refrigerator is frozen.	 Is food placed in the cooling air outlet? Check if the control is set to colder position. Is the ambient temperature below 5°C? 	 Place foods in the high-temperature section. (front part) Set the control to recommended position. Set the control to warm position.
Condensation or ice forms inside the unit.	 Is liquid food sealed? Check if food put in the refrigerator is hot. Did you open the door of the unit too often or check if the door is sealed properly? 	 Seal liquid foods with wrap. Put in foods after they have cooled down. Don't open the door too often and close it firmly.
Condensation forms in the Exterior Case.	 Check if the ambient temperature and humidity of the surrounding air are high. Is there a gap in the door gasket? 	Wipe moisture with a dry cloth. It will disappear in low temperature and humidity. Fill up the gap.
There is abnormal noise.	 Is the unit positioned in a firm and even place? Are any unnecessary objects placed behind of the unit? Check if the drip tray is not firmly attached. Check if the cover of the compressor enclosure in the lower front side is taken out. 	 Adjust the leveling screw, and position the refrigerator in a firm place. Remove the objects. Fix the drip tray firmly in the original position. Place the cover in its original position.
Door does not close well.	 Check if the door gasket is dirty with an item like juice. Is the refrigerator level? Is there too much food in the refrigerator? 	 Clean the door gasket. Position in a firm place and level the leveling screw. Make sure food stored in shelves does not prevent the door from closing.
Ice and foods smell unpleasant.	 Check if the inside of the unit is dirty. Are foods with a strong odor unwrapped? The unit smells of plastic. 	 Clean the inside of the unit. Wrap foods that have a strong odor. New products smell of plastic, but this will go away after 1-2 weeks.

• Other possible problems:

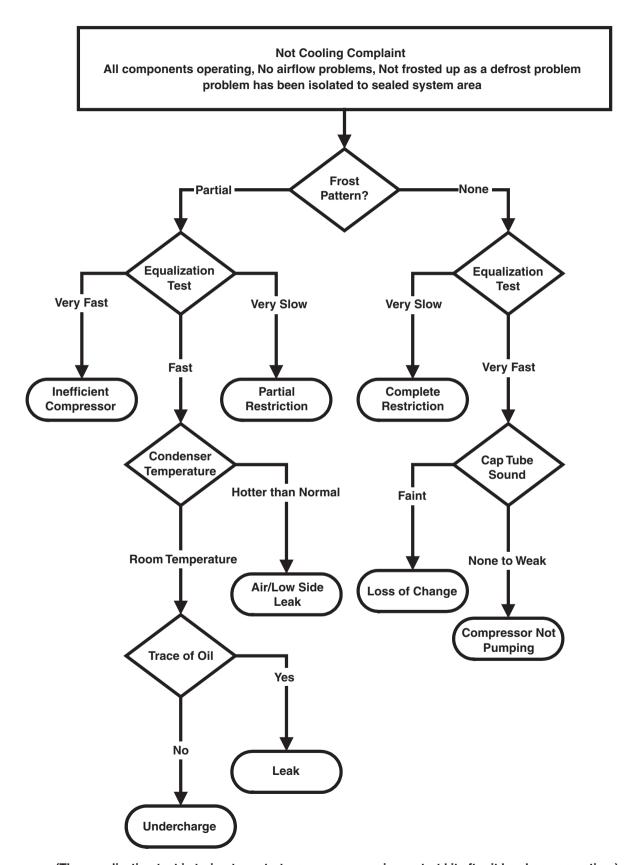


6-5 REFRIGERATION CYCLE

▼ Troubleshooting Chart

	CAUSE	STATE OF THE UNIT	STATE OF THE EVAPORATOR	TEMPERATURE OF THE COMPRESSOR	REMARKS
LEAKAGE	PARTIAL LEAKAGE	Freezer compartment and refrigerator don't cool normally.	Low flowing sound of refrigerant is heard and frost forms in inlet only.	A little higher than ambient temperature.	 Refrigerant level is low due to a leak. Normal cooling is possible by restoring the normal amount of refrigerant and repairing the leak.
	COMPLETE LEAKAGE	Freezer compartment and refrigerator don't cool normally.	Flowing sound of refrigerant is not heard and frost isn't formed.	Equal to ambient temperature.	No discharging of refrigerant. Normal cooling is possible by restoring the normal amount of refrigerant and repairing the leak.
CLOGGED	PARTIAL CLOG	Freezer compartment and refrigerator don't cool normally.	Flowing sound of refrigerant is heard and frost forms in inlet only.	A little higher than ambient temperature.	Normal discharging of the refrigerant. The capillary tube is faulty.
BY DUST	WHOLE CLOG	Freezer compartment and refrigerator don't cool.	Flowing sound of refrigerant is not heard and frost isn't formed.	Equal to ambient temperature.	Normal discharging of the refrigerant.
	MOISTURE CLOG	Cooling operation stops periodically.	Flowing sound of refrigerant is not heard and frost melts.	Lower than ambient temperature.	Cooling operation restarts when heating the inlet of the capillary tube.
DEFECTI:	COMP- RESSION	Freezer and refrigerator don't cool.	Low flowing sound of refrigerant is heard and frost forms in inlet only.	A little higher than ambient temperature.	Low pressure at high side of compressor due to low refrigerant level.
	NO COMP- RESSION	No compressing operation.	Flowing sound of refrigerant is not heard and there is no frost.	Equal to ambient temperature.	No pressure in the high pressure part of the compressor.

6-5-1 SEALED SYSTEM DIAGNOSIS

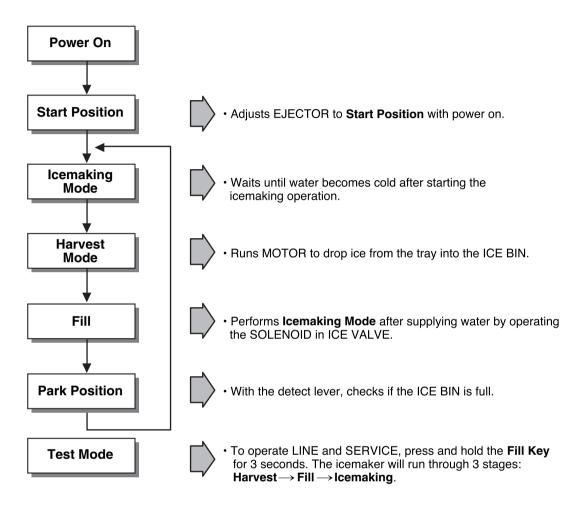


(The equalization test is trying to restart a compressor using a start kit after it has been operating.)

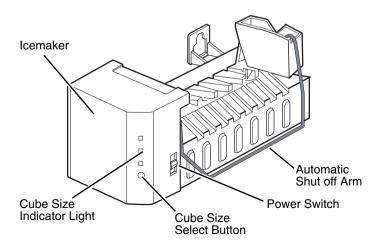
7. OPERATION PRINCIPLE AND REPAIR METHOD OF ICEMAKER

7-1 OPERATION PRINCIPLE

7-1-1 Operation Principle of Icemaker



- 1. Turning the Icemaker stop switch off (O) stops the icemaking function.
- 2. Setting the Icemaker switch to OFF and then turning it back on will reset the icemaker control.



7-2 ICE MAKER FUNCTIONS

7-2-1 Start Position

- 1. After POWER OFF or power outage, check the EJECTOR's position with MICOM initialization to restart.
- 2. How to check if it is in place:
 - Check HIGH/LOW signals from HALL SENSOR in MICOM PIN.
- 3. Control method to check if it is in place:
 - (1) EJECTOR is in place,
 - It is an initialized control, so the mode can be changed to ice making control.
 - (2) EJECTOR isn't in place:
 - A. If EJECTOR is back in place within 2 minutes with the motor on, it is being initialized. If not, go to step B.
 - B. If EJECTOR is back in place within 18 minutes after the heater turns from ON to OFF, it is being initialized. If not, it is not functioning. Repeat step B with heater and motor off.

7-2-2 Ice Making Mode

- 1. Icemaking refers to the freezing of supplied water in the ice trays. Complete freezing is assured by measuring the temperature of the Tray with icemaking SENSOR.
- 2. Icemaking starts after completion of the water fill operation.
- 3. The icemaking function is completed when the sensor reaches -7°C, 60 to 240 minutes after starting.
- 4. If the temperature sensor is defective, the icemaking function will be completed in 4 hours.

NOTE: After icemaker power is ON, the icemaker heater will be on for test for 9 sec.

7-2-3 Harvest Mode

- 1. Harvest (Ice removing) refers to the operation of dropping ices into the ice bin from the tray when icemaking has completed.
- 2. Harvest mode:
 - (1) The Heater is ON for 30 seconds, then the motor starts.
 - (2) Harvest mode is completed if it reaches start position again while Heater & Motor are on at the same time.
 - A. ice bin is full: The EJECTOR stops (heater off).
 - B. ice bin is not full: The EJECTOR rotates twice to open for ice.

NOTE: If the EJECTOR does not rotate once within 5 minutes in status (2), separate heater control mode starts operating to prevent the EJECTOR from being constrained. (It is recommended that the user open for ice to return to normal mode.)

7-2-4 Fill/Park Position

- 1. Once a normal harvest mode has been completed, the water solenoid will be activated.
- 2. The amount of water is adjusted by pressing the fill key repeatedly. This changes the time allowed for fill as illustrated in the table below.

Water supply amount table

STAGE	TIME TO SUPPLY	INDICATIONS	REMARKS
1	6 sec.		
2	7 sec.		The water amount will vary depending on the water control switch setting, as well as the water pressure of the connected water line.
3	8 sec.		

7-2-5 Function TEST

- 1. This is a compulsory operation for test, service, cleaning, etc. It is operated by pressing and holding the fill key for 3 seconds.
- 2. The test works only in the icemaking mode. It cannot be entered from the harvest or fill mode. (If there is an ERROR, it can only be checked in the test mode.)
- 3. **Caution!** If the test is performed before water in the icemaker is frozen, the ejector will pass through the water. When the fill mode begins (stage 4), unless the water supply has been shut off, added water will overflow into the ice bin. If the control doesn't operate normally in the test mode, check and repair as needed.
- 4. After water is supplied, the normal cycle is followed: **icemaking** → **harvest** → **fill** → **park position**.
- 5. Five seconds after stage 5 is completed, the icemaker returns to MICOM control. The time needed to supply water resets to the pre-test setting.

< 5 stage of diagnosis >

STAGE	ITEMS	INDICATOR	REMARKS
1	HEATER		Five seconds after heater starts, heater will go off if temperature recorded by sensor is 50°F(10°C) or lever is in up position.
2	MOTOR		Five seconds after heater starts, you can confirm that motor is moving.
3	HALL IC I (detection of position)		You can confirm hall ic detection of position.
4	VALVE		Two seconds after detection of initial position, you can confirm that valve is on.
5	HALL IC II (detection of full-filled Ice)		You can check whether the Hall IC is sensing a full ice condition.(If there is a full-filled error, the fifth stage would not be progressed)
6	Reset	Mark previous status on TEST mode	Five seconds after fifth stage is completed, the icemaker resets to initial status.

7-3 DEFECT DIAGNOSIS FUNCTION

7-3-1 ERROR CODE on water supply control panel at Ice Maker

No	ITEM	ERROR CODE	CONTENTS	REMARKS
1	Normal	Mark time to supply	None	Display switch operates properly
2	Ice-Making Sensor malfunction		Open or short-circuited wire	Make sure that the wire on each sensor is connected.

^{*} ERROR indicators in table can be checked only on TEST mode.

8. DESCRIPTION OF FUNCTION & CIRCUIT OF MICOM

8-1 FUNCTION

8-1-1 Function

- 1. When the appliance is plugged in, it defaults to 37°F for the refrigerator and 0°F for the freezer. You can adjust the refrigerator and the freezer control temperature by pressing the ADJUST button.
- 2. When the power is initially applied or restored after a power failure, it is automatically set to 37 & 0.



8-1-2 How to Change the Temperature Mode to °F/°C

- 1. The display temperature mode can be changed from °F to °C or °C to °F by pressing and holding the FRZ TEMP and the COLDER key of REF TEMP keys at the same time for over five seconds
- 2. The initial setting is °F. Whenever the mode is changed, the LED lights are changed.

8-1-3 Control of freezer fan motor

- 1. Freezer fan motor runs at either regular or high speed.(2,400 or 2,700 rpm.)
- 2. High RPM is used when electricity is first on, for ICE PLUS, and when refrigerator is overloaded. Standard RPM is used for normal usage.
- 3. The fan motor is stopped when any door is opened.

8-1-4 ICE PLUS

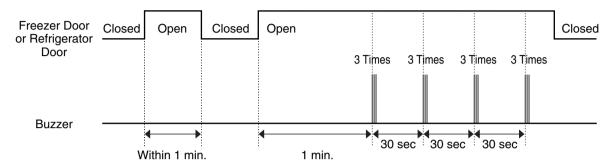
- 1. The purpose of this function is to intensify the cooling speed of freezer and to increase the amount of ice.
- 2. Whenever selection switch is pressed, selection/release, the icon will turn ON or OFF.
- 3. If there is a power outage and the refrigerator is powered on again, ICE PLUS will be canceled.
- 4.To activate this function you need to press the ICE PLUS key and the icon will turn ON. This function will remain activated for 24 hours. The first three hours the compressor and freezer fan will be ON. The next 21 hours the freezer will be controlled at the lowest temperature. After 24 hours or if the iICE PLUS key is pressed again, the freezer will return to its previous temperature.
- 5. During the first 3 hours:
 - (1) Compressor and freezer fan (HIGH RPM) run continuously.
 - (2) If a defrost cycle begins during the first 90 minutes of ICE PLUS, the ICE PLUS cycle will complete its cycle after defrosting has ended. If the defrost cycle begins when iICE PLUS has run for more than 90 minutes, ICE PLUS will run for two hours after the defrost is completed.
 - (3) If ICE PLUS is pressed during defrost, ICE PLUS icon is on this function will start seven minutes after defrost is completed and it shall operate for three hours.
 - (4) If ICE PLUS is selected within seven minutes after compressor has stopped, the compressor (compressor delays seven minutes) will start after the balance of the delay time.
 - (5) The fan motor in the freezer compartment rotates at high speed during ICE PLUS.
- 6. For the rest of 21 hours, the freezer will be controlled at the lowest temperature.

8-1-5. REFRIGERATOR LAMP AUTO OFF

1. To protect the risk of lamp heat, when the refrigerator door is opened for 7 minutes, the refrigerator lamp will be turned off automatically.

8-1-6 Alarm for Open Door

- 1. This feature sounds a buzzer when the freezer or refrigerator door is not closed within 1 minute after it is opened.
- 2. One minute after the door is opened, the buzzer sounds three times each for 1/2 second. These tones repeat every 30 seconds.
- 3. The alarm is cancelled when the freezer or the refrigerator is closed while the buzzer sounds.



8-1-7 Buzzer Sound

When the button on the front display is pushed, a Ding~ Dong~ sound is produced.

8-1-8 Defrosting (removing frost)

- 1. Defrosting starts each time the compressor running time reaches 7 hours.
- 2. For initial power on or for restoring power, defrosting starts when the compressor running time reaches 4 hours.
- 3. Defrosting stops if the sensor temperature reaches 8°C or more. If the sensor doesn't reach 8°C in 2 hours, the defrost mode is malfunctioning.
- 4. Defrosting won't function if its sensor is defective (wires are cut or short circuited)

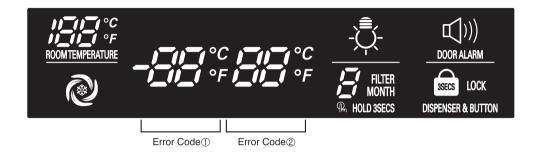
8-1-9 Electrical Parts Are Turned On Sequentially

Electrical parts such as compressor, defrosting heater, freezer fan, etc. are turned on in the following order to prevent noise and parts damage. Several parts are started at the same time at initial power on and are turned off together when test is completed.

	OPERATING	ORDERS		
Initi	Temperature of defrosting sensor is 45°C or more (when unit is newly purchased or when moved)	Power in 0.5 sec. Compressor in 0.5 sec. Freezer fan ON → ON → ON		
Initial power on	Temperature of defrosting sensor is lower than 45°C (during power outages or for service)	Power on in 0.5 sec. Defrosting in 10 sec. Defrost heater ON → OFF in 0.5 sec. Compressor in 0.5 sec. ON → ON		
Reset to normal operation from test mode		Total load in 7 min. Compressor in 0.5 sec. Freezer fan OFF → ON → ON		

8-1-10 Defect Diagnosis Function

- 1. Automatic diagnosis makes servicing the refrigerator easy.
- 2. When a defect occurs, the buttons will not operate; but the tones, such as ding, will sound.
- 3. When the defect CODE removes the sign, it returns to normal operation (RESET).
- 4. The defect CODE shows on the refrigerator and freezer display.



ERROR CODE on display panel

710	ITFM	ERRO	R CODE	CONTENTS	DEMARKS
NO	I I EIVI	1	2	CONTENTS	REMARKS
1	Failure of freezer sensor	Er	FS	Cut or short circuit wire	
2	Failure of Refrigerator sensor	Er	rS	Cut or short circuit wire	Inspect Connecting wires
3	Failure of defrost sensor	Er	dS	Cut or short circuit wire	on each sensor
4	Failure of Room Temperature sensor	* NC	TE 1	Cut or short circuit wire	
5	Failure of defrost mode	Er	dH	When defrost sensor doesn't reach 46°F(8°C) within 1 hour after starting defrost	Snapping of defrost heater or Temperature fuse, pullout of connector (indicated minimum 1 hour after failure occurs)
6	Failure of BLDC Fan Motor at Freezing Compartment	Er	FF	If there is no fan motor signal for more than 115sec in operation fan motor	Poor motor, hooking to wires of fan, contact of structures to fan, snapping or short circuit of Lead wires
7	Failure of BLDC Fan Motor a Mechanical Room	Er	CF	If there is no fan motor signal for more than 115sec in operation fan motor	Poor motor, hooking to wires of fan, contact of structures to fan, snapping or short circuit of Lead wires

- Note 1) Room temperature sensor is not indicated on the failure indicating part but indicated in checking display. (When pressing for more than the warmer key of refrigerator temp and the warmer kye of freezer temp for more than 1 second).
- * LED check function: If press and hold the warmer key of refrigerator temp and the warmer key of freezer temp for a second, all display LED graphics on. When you release the buttons, the LED graphics displays the previous status.

8-1-11 TEST Mode

- 1. The test mode allows checking the PCB and the function of the product as well as finding out the defective part in case of an error.
- 2. The test mode is operated by pressing two buttons on the display panel.
- 3. While in the test mode, the function control button is not recognized, but the recognition tone (beep~) sounds.
- 4. After exiting the test mode, be sure to reset by unplugging and then plugging in the appliance.
- 5. If an error, such as a sensor failure, is detected while in the test mode, the test mode is cleared and the error code is displayed.
- 6. While an error code is displayed, the test mode will not be activated.

MODE	MANIPULATION	CONTENTS	REMARKS
TEST1	Push FREEZER KEY and LOCK KEY at the same time over 5 seconds OR Push TEST S/W(in the main Board) once.	1) Continuous operation of the COMPRESSOR and the Freezer fan 2) Stepping DAMPER OPEN 3) Defrosting HEATER OFF 4) DISPLAY LED all ON	
TEST2	Push FREEZER KEY and LOCK KEY at the same time over 5 seconds in TEST MODE 1 OR Push TEST S/W once in TEST MODE 1	1) Continuous operation of the COMPRESSOR and the Freezer fan 2) Stepping DAMPER CLOSE 3) Defrosting HEATER OFF 4) DISPLAY LED shows no. 2	
TEST3	Push FREEZER KEY and LOCK KEY at the same time over 5 seconds in TEST MODE 2 OR Push TEST S/W once in TEST MODE 2	COMPRESSOR and the Freezer fan OFF Stepping DAMPER CLOSE Defrosting HEATER ON DISPLAY LED shows no. 3	Reset if the Temperature of the Defrosting Sensor is 46°F(8°C)or more.
RESET	Push FREEZER KEY and LOCK KEY at the same time over 5 seconds in TEST MODE 3 OR Push TEST S/W once in TEST MODE 3	Reset to the previously setting Before TEST MODE.	The compressor will Start after a 7-minute Delay.

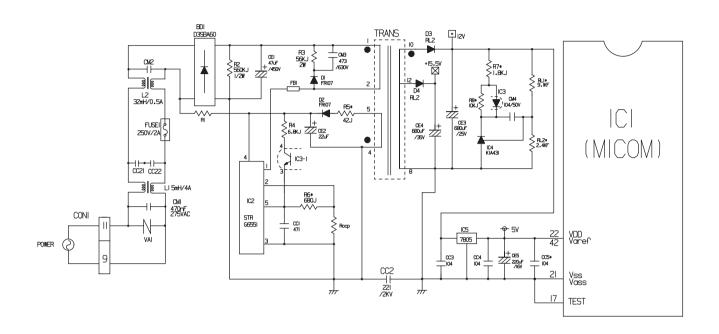
* Freezer Fan Variable RPM Check:

To check the variable rpm, press and hold the WARMER keys of both the REF TEMP and FRX TEMP. The fan speed will change (low to high or high to low) for 30 seconds before reverting to its original setting.

- * Demonstration (Display) MODE:
- 1. To enter this mode, raise either the Refrigerator or Freezer temperature to its highest setting. Then, press and hold WARMER Key for 5 seconds.
- 2. The LED panels will display OFF, to indicate that the compressor, circulating fan, damper, and defrost heater are not operating.
- 3. The open door alarm and the lamp auto-off feature will work normally and can be demonstrated.
- 4. To reset to normal operation, press and hold either WARMER key for about 5 seconds.

8-2 PCB FUNCTION

8-2-1 Power Circuit



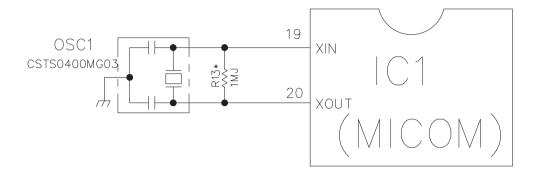
The secondary part of the TRANSFORMER is composed of the power supply for the display, the BLDC FAN Motor drive (15.5 V), the relay drive (12 Vdc) and the MICOM and IC (5 Vdc).

The voltage for each part is as follows:

PART	VA 1	CE 3	CE 4	CE 5
VOLTAGE	115 Vac	12 Vdc	15.5 Vdc	5 V

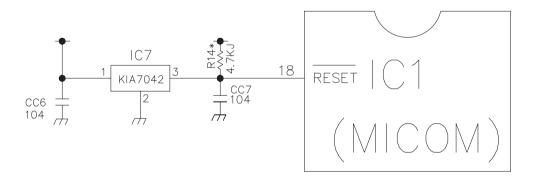
VA1 is a part for preventing over voltage and noise. When 385V or higher power is applied, the inside elements are short-circuited and broken, resulting in blowout of the fuse in order to protect the elements of the secondary part of the TRANSFORMER.

8-2-2 Oscillation Circuit



This circuit generates the base clock for calculating time and the synchro clock for transmitting data from and to the inside logic elements of the IC1 (MICOM). Be sure to use specified replacement parts, since calculating time by the IC1 may be changed. If changed, the OSC1 SPEC will not work.

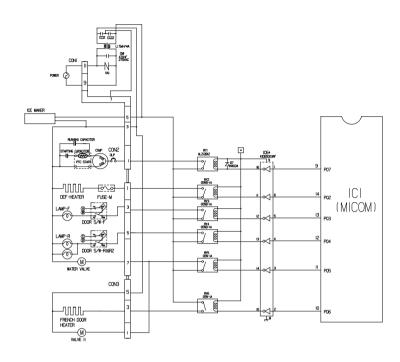
8-2-3 Reset Circuit



The RESET circuit allows all the functions to start at the initial conditions by initializing various parts, including the RAM inside the MICOM (IC1) when the power is initially supplied or the power supply to the MICOM is restored after a momentary power failure. For the initial 10ms of power supply, LOW voltage is applied to the MICOM RESET terminal. During a normal operation, 5V is applied to the RESET terminal. (If a malfunction occurs in the RESET IC, the MICOM will not operate.)

8-2-4 Load / Buzzer Drive & Open Door Detection Circuit

1. Load Drive Condition Check

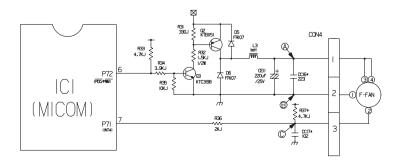


LOAD T	YPE	COMP	DEFROSTING HEATER	LAMP-F	LAMP-R	WATER VALVE/VALVE2	FRENCH DOOR HEATER
Measurement Lo	cation (IC6)	NO.16	NO.11	NO.12	NO.13	NO.14	NO.15
Condition	ON	1V or below					
Condition	OFF			12	2V		

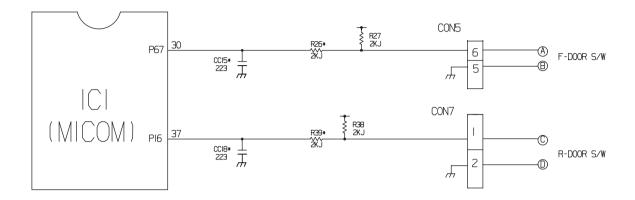
2. Fan motor driving circuit (freezer compartment fan)

- 1. This circuit makes standby power 0 by cutting off power supplied to ISs inside of the fan motor in the fan motor OFF.
- 2. This is a circuit to perform a temporary change of speed for the fan motor and applies DC voltage up to 7.5V ~ 16V to motor.
- 3. This circuit prevents over-driving the fan motor by cutting off power applied to the fan motor in the lock of fan motor by sensing the operation RPM of the fan motor.

	a part	(b) part	© part
MOTOR OFF	2V or less	0V	5V
MOTOR ON	13V~15V	0V	2V~3V

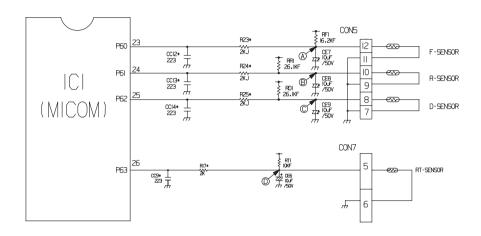


2. Open Door Detection Circuit Check



Measurement Freezer/ Location Refrigerator Door	(PIN NO.30 & PIN NO.27)
Closed	5 V
Open	0 V

8-2-5 Temperature Sensor Circuit



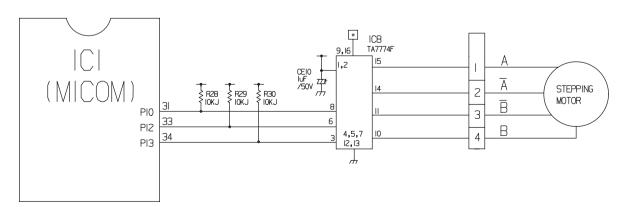
The upper circuit reads refrigerator temperature, freezer temperature, and defrost sensor temperature for defrosting and the indoor temperature for compensating for the surrounding temperature into MICOM.

Opening or short state of each temperature sensor are as follows:

SENSOR	CHECK POINT	NORMAL (-30°C ~ 50°C)	SHORT-CIRCUITED	OPEN
Freezer sensor	POINT (A) Voltage			
Refrigerator sensor	POINT B Voltage	057/457/	0.1/	5 V
Defrosting sensor	POINT © Voltage	0.5 V ~ 4.5 V	0 V	5 V
Room Temperature sensor	POINT D Voltage			

8-2-6 Refrigeration Compartment Stepping Motor Damper Circuit

* The circuit shown below is the damper circuit to regulate the refrigerator temperature.



8-3 RESISTANCE SPECIFICATION OF SENSOR

TEMPERATURE	RESISTANCE OF FREEZER SENSOR	RESISTANCE OF REFRIGERATOR & DEFROST SENSOR & ROOM SENSOR
- 20 °C	22.3 ΚΩ	77 ΚΩ
- 15 °C	16.9 ΚΩ	60 ΚΩ
- 10 °C	13.0 ΚΩ	47.3 ΚΩ
- 5 °C	10.1 ΚΩ	38.4 ΚΩ
0 °C	7.8 ΚΩ	30 ΚΩ
+ 5 °C	6.2 KΩ	24.1 ΚΩ
+ 10 °C	4.9 ΚΩ	19.5 ΚΩ
+ 15 °C	3.9 ΚΩ	15.9 ΚΩ
+ 20 °C	3.1 ΚΩ	13 ΚΩ
+ 25 °C	2.5 ΚΩ	11 ΚΩ
+ 30 °C	2.0 ΚΩ	8.9 ΚΩ
+ 40 °C	1.4 ΚΩ	6.2 ΚΩ
+ 50 °C	0.8 ΚΩ	4.3 ΚΩ

[•] The resistance of the SENSOR has a ±5% tolerance.

[•] Measure the resistance of the SENSOR after leaving it for over 3 minutes in the measuring temperature. This delay is necessary due to sensor response speed.

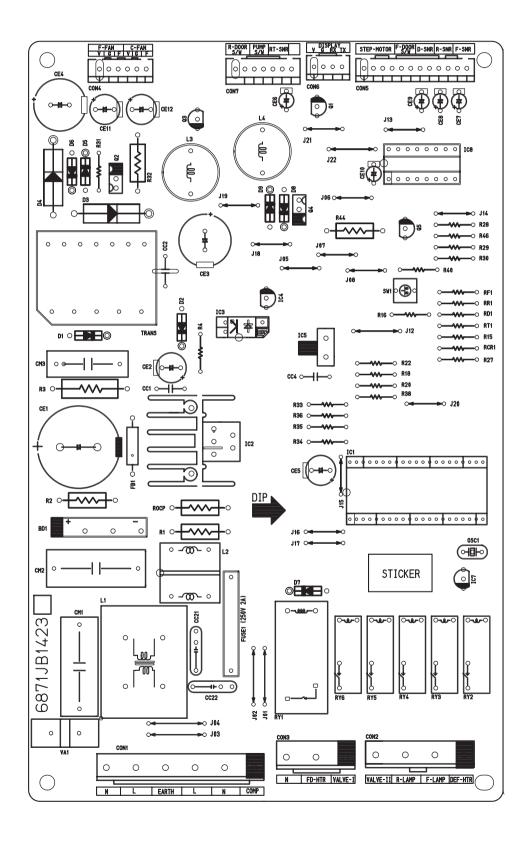
8-4 TROUBLESHOOTING

Power source is poor.	1. The whole DISPLAY LED/SEVEN SEGMENT DISPLAY is off.	1. FREEZER/ REFRIGERATOR.	Check if freezer or refrigerator door is open and check display.	Power source is poor.	Check outlet voltage.
	2. DISPLAY LED/	2. If lamp is dim.	Check visually.	Applied voltage error.	Use boosting transformer.
	SEVEN SEGMENT	3. The connection of	Check connection of	connector connection	Reconnect connector.
	abnormally	connector.	COIII.ector.	Transformer fuse is open.	Replace transformer.
Cooling is poor.	No cooling.	1. If the compressor	Use Test Mode1	Compressor locked or	Replace compressor.
		operates.	If less than 7 minutes pass	OLP, PTC, or	Replace OLP, PTC.
			after compressor shuts off, don't press the key and	compressor are failed.	Replace main PWB.
			wait.	Connection wire is defective.	Check the connection of the
					black wire of the main PWB connector (CON2).
		2. If refrigerant is leaking.	Measure the amount of frost	Refrigerant leakage.	Replace the leaking part and
		-	sticking on evaporator		replace any lost refrigerant.
			of the condenser pipe.		
	Freezer temperature is	If fan motor operates.	Use Test Mode 1 (forced cooling).	Fan motor is defective.	Replace the fan motor.
	incorrect		,	Connection wire is defective.	Refer to 8-2-4. 2 and check
		2. If defrosting	Check the amount of frost	Defrosting is poor.	See DEFROSTING
		is normal.	sticking on the evaporator.		is poor , page 34.
		3. If sensor	Check the resistance	Sensor resistance is	Replace sensor.
		is normal.	of the refrigerator sensor.	incorrect.	
		4. Gasket seal incorrect.	Check the seal when the door is closed.	Door liner damaged.	Replace door liner.

PROBLEM	INDICATED BY	CHECK	CHECKING METHOD	CAUSE	SOLUTION
COOLING is defective.	If refrigerator	1. If frezzer temperature	Check is frezzer		Make sure the
	temperature	is normal.	temperature is too low.		door is attached.
	is too low.	2. If amount of cool air from	Make sure that the amount	FAN motor is defective.	Replace fan motor.
		fan motor is	and speed of cool air are	Passage of cool air	Remove impurities.
		sufficient.	sufficient by touching the	is blocked.	
			check supplied on the	Evaporator frozen.	See defrosting is poor,
			refrigerator.		below.
		3. Door gasket contact.	Check door seal when	Door liner damaged.	Replace door liner.
DEFROSTING is	NO defrosting.	1. If heater emits heat.	USE TEST MODE3	Heater disconnection.	Replace heater.
defective.			(forced defrosting).		
				Temperature fuse	Replace temperature
				is blown.	fuse.
				Connection is poor.	Check evaporator
					connection and wire of main
					PWB connector.
				Defrost sensor is defective.	Replace defrost sensor.
				Heater relay is poor.	Replace RY2 of main PWB.
		2. If drain pipe is	Check drain pipe.	Drain pipe is blocked.	Remove ice and impurities.
		blocked.			Check heater plate
					resistance.
		3. If ice remains after	Make sure that defrost	Connection is poor.	Reassemble the
		defrosting.	sensor is connected.		defrost sensor.
			Make sure that frezzer and	Door does not close	Reassemble door.
			refrigerator doors are dosed.	properly.	Replace gasket.

8-5 MAIN PWB ASSEMBLY AND PARTS LIST

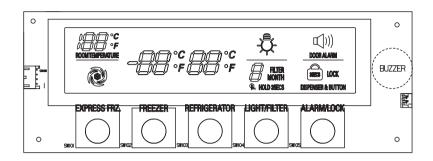
8-5-1 Main PWB Assembly



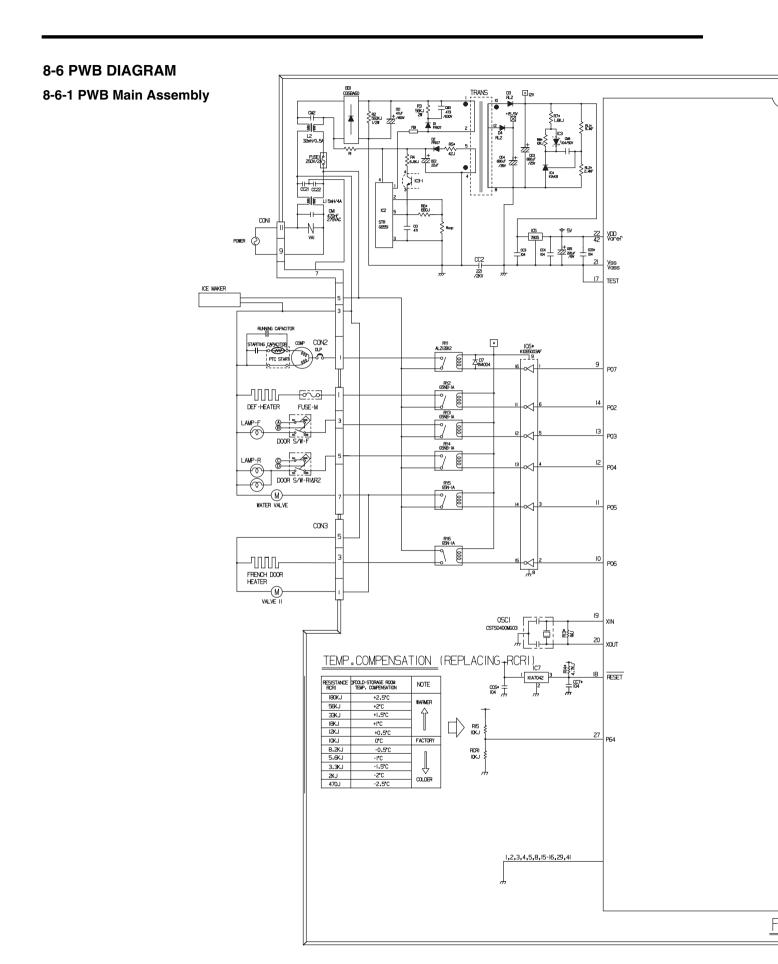
8-5-2 Replacement Parts List

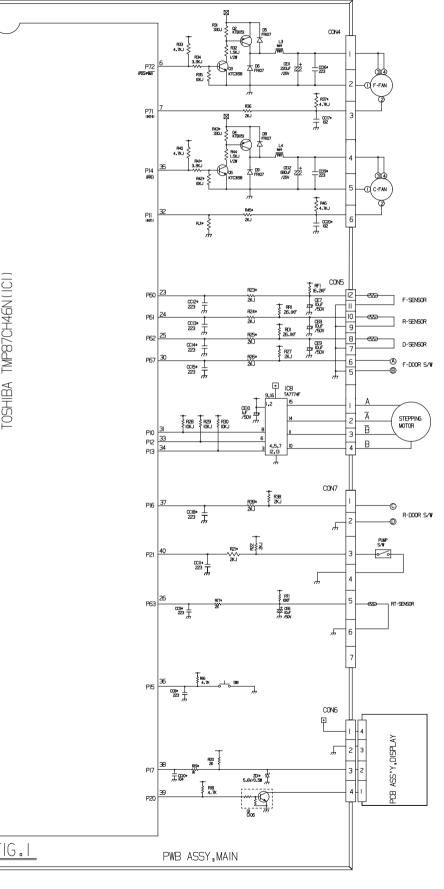
	P/N0	DESCRIPTION	SPEC	MAKER	REMARK
2	6870JB8239 6170JB2012B	PWB (PCB) TRANSFORMER, SMPSI COIL 1	BEST BRAVO-PJT DL-PJT 2,9MH/20W	DOO SAN SAM IL	T=1.6 TRANS
4	6170JB2012C 6630A09106E	CONNECTOR (CIRC).WAFER	YW396-IIAV	YEON HO	CONI
5 6	6630AQ9106C 6630AQ9106B	CONNECTOR (CIRC), WAFER CONNECTOR (CIRC), WAFER	YW396-07AV YW396-05AV	YEON HO YEON HO YEON HO	CON2 CON3
7	6630JB8004E	CONNECTOR (CIRC), WAFER	SMN250 YEONHO 6P 2,5MM STRAIGHT SN	YEON HO	CON4
9	6630JB8004L 6630JB8004C	CONNECTOR (CIRC), WAFER CONNECTOR (CIRC), WAFER	SMW250 YEONHO 12P 2.5MM STRAIGHT SN SMW250 YEONHO 4P 2.5MM STRAIGHT SN	YEON HO YEON HO	CON5 CON6
10 11	6630JB8004F 01ZZJB2067K	CONNECTOR (CIRC), WAFER IC, DRAWING	SMW250 YEONHO 7P 2.5MM STRAIGHT SN	YEON HO TOSHIBA	CON7 ICI
12	01SK635100A	IC, POWER MANAGEMENT	TMP87C846N 42P SDIP BK MASK BRAV033-PJT BEST/BETTER STR-6635I SPIN BK SMPS 2, 4PIN FORM	SANKEN	IC2
13 14	OIPMGNEOOIA OIKE431000A	IC, POWER MANAGEMENT IC, KEC	PS256ILI-I-V NEC 4P,DIP BK = TLP72IF KIA43I (TP)	NEC KEC CHANGJIANG KEC CHANGJIANG	IC3 IC4
15 17	01KE780500Z 01KE704200D	IC,LINEAR IC,KEC	KIA7805PI 30IP BK 5V IA REFORM KIA7042P 2K/TP 4.2 RESET KEC	KEC CHANGJIANG KEC	IC5 IC7
I8 I9	01T0777400A 6920000001A	IC, DRAWING RELAY	TA7774AP 16,SDIP BK DRIVE, IC STEPPING MOTOR ALEISBIZ 250VAC 16A 12VDC 1A NO VENTING	TOSHIBA MATSUSHITA	ICB RYI
"	6920JB2005B	TO STATE OF THE ST	G5US-IA-NT 250VAC I6A I2VDC IA NO VENTING	OMRON	
20	6920JB2005C 6920JB2003A	RELAY	DHIU II 250VAC I6A IZVDC IA VENTING GSN-IA OMPON 250VAC I.5A IZVDC IA JAPAN	제일전기 OMPON	RY3,RY5,RY6
	6920JB2003E 6920JB2003D		GSNB-IA-E(CHINA) OMRON 250VAC 5A 12VDC IA NO VENTING GSNB-IA-E(JAPAN) OMRON 250VAC 5A 12VDC IA NO VENTING	OMRON	
	6920JB2003F 6920A90002A		PCJ-1IZD3MHTCHINAT 250VAC 3A IZVDC TA NO VENTING ALDIIZTJAPANT 250VAC 3A IZVDC TA NO VENTING	TYCO MATSUSHITA	
1 1	6920W5A007A		ALDII2 MATSUSHITA 250VAC 3A I2VDC IA NO VENTING	MATSUSHITA	
20	6920A09054B 6920JB2003E	RELAY	GSN-1A OMPON 250VAC 3A 12VDC 1A GSNB-1A-E(CHINA) OMPON 250VAC 5A 12VDC 1A NO VENTING	OMRON OMRON	RY2,RY4
24	6920JB2003D		GSNB-IA-E(JAPAN) OMRON 250VAC 5A I2VDC IA NO VENTING	OMRON MURATA	0SCI
	6212BA304IA	RESONATOR, CERAMIC	CSTLS4M00G53-A0 MURATA 4.00MHZ +/- 0.5% TA ISPF 3		
26 27	6102W5V007A 0DB360000AA	VARISTOR DIODE, RECTIFIERS	INRIAD33IK IL JIN UL/CSA/VDE BK D3SBA60 BK SHINDENGEN - 600V 4A 80A - 10UA	IL JIN /01251 SHINDENGEN	VAI BOI
28	ODD400409AC	DIODE, RECTIFIERS	RECTIN4004 TP	DELTA	D7
29 30	ODRIO7009AA ODRSA00070A	DIODE, RECTIFIERS DIODE, RECTIFIERS	FRIO7 TP RECTRON DO41 1000V IA 30A 500NSEC 5A RL2 SANKEN BK NON 400V 2A 40A 50NSEC 10UA	DELTA SANKEN	DI,D2,D5,D6,D8,D9 D3,D4
3I 32	00E105BK638 00E106EK638	CAPACITOR, FIXED ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR, FIXED ELECTROLYTIC	IUF KMG,RG,YX 50V 0,2 FM5 TP 5 (YXA/SM) IOUF KMG 50V 20% FM5 TP 5 (RG/YXA/SM)	SAM WHA /심영/루비콘/G-LUXON SAM WHA /심영/르비콘/G-LUXON	Œ10 Œ6-Œ9
33	0CE227BF638	CAPACITOR, FIXED ELECTROLYTIC	220UF KME TYPE 16V 20% FM5 TP 5 (RG/YXA/SM)	SAM WHA /심영/루비콘/G-LUXON SAM WHA /심영/루비콘/G-LUXON	CE5
34 35	0CE227BH638 0CE687BH638	CAPACITOR, FIXED ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR, FIXED ELECTROLYTIC	220UF (ME, RG 25V 20% FM5 TP 5	SAM WHA /삼엉/루비콘/G-LUXON SAM WHA /삼엉/루비콘/G-LUXON	ŒII ŒI2
36 37	0CE226BK638 0CE476ZV6E0	CAPACITOR, FIXED ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR, FIXED ELECTROLYTIC	22UF KME TYPE 50V 20% FM5 TP 5 47UF HE 450V 20% BULK SNAP IN (KLT/MXC/HW)	SAM WHA SAM WHA /삼영/루비콘/G-LUXON	OE2 OEI
38	0CE687YH6E0	CAPACITOR, FIXED ELECTROLYTIC	I680UF RX 25V 20% BULK SNAP IN (KXL/YXG/LU)	SAM WHA /삼영/루비콘/G-LUXON	Œ3
39 40	0CE687YJ618 0CK102DK96A	CAPACITOR, FIXED ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR, FIXED CERAMIC (HIGH DIELECTRIC)	6800F RX 35V 20% TP 5 FL (KXL/YXG/LU) INF 2012 50V 80%, -20% R/TP X7R	SAM WHA /심영/루비콘/G-LUXON MURATA	CE4 CC17,0C20
43 45	0CK22102510 0CK223DK96A	CAPACITOR, FIXED CERAMIC (High dielectric) CAPACITOR, FIXED CERAMIC (HIGH DIELECTRIC)	220P	SAM WHA/HONG MING MURATA	CC2 CC8,CC9,CCII-I6,CCI8-I9
46 48	OCK47I0K5I9	CAPACITOR, FIXED CERAMIC (High dielectric)	470PF 50V K B TA52	SAM WHA	CCI CMG
49	0CF473IY470 0CQ474I8670 0LRI00IM4F0	CAPACITOR, FIXED FILM CAPACITOR, FIXED FILM INDUCTOR, RADIAL LEAD	10.047LF D 630V 0,05 BLLK M/PP NI 0,47LF D 275V 20% M/PP NI R 1000UH 20% R 5X12.5 BLUK	PILKOR SAM WHA TNC	CMI L3,L4
50 56	0LRI00IM4F0 0RD5603H609	HESISTUR, FIXED CANBON FILM	560K OHM 1/2 W 5% TA52	SMART	R2
6l 66	0RJ1002E672 0RH04720622	RESISTOR,METAL GLAZED(CHIP) RESISTOR,METAL GLAZED(CHIP)	IMOHM 1/8 W 5% 2012 R/TP	ROHM ROHM	RI3 R5
67	0RDI50IH609	RESISTOR, FIXED CARBON FILM RESISTOR, METAL GLAZED (CHIP)	47 OHM I/8 W 5% 2012 R/TP ILSK OHM I/2 W 5% TAS2	SMART	R32,R44
69 70	0RJ240IE472 0RJ6800E672	RESISTOR,METAL GLAZED(CHIP)	2.4K OHM I/8 W 1% 2012 R/TP 680 OHM I/8 W 5% 2012 R/TP	ROHM ROHM SMART	RL2 R6 R4
71 72	0RD680IG609 0RJ9I0IE472	RESISTOR, FIXED CARBON FILM RESISTOR, METAL GLAZED (CHIP)	6.8K OHM I/4 W 5% TA52 9.IK OHM I/8 W I% 2012 R/TP	ROHM	R4 RLI
74 75	0RNI622G409 0RN26I2G409	RESISTOR, FIXED METAL FILM RESISTOR, FIXED METAL FILM	16,2K OHM 1/4 W 1,00% TA52 26,1K OHM 1/4 W 1,00% TA52	SMART	RFI RRI,RDI
77	0RS0101J609	RESISTOR, FIXED METAL OXIDE FILM	I OHM I W 5% TAS2	SMART SMART	ROCP
79 80	0RS5602K64I 0RS3303J609	RESISTOR, FIXED METAL OXIDE FILM RESISTOR, FIXED METAL OXIDE FILM	56K OHM 2 W 5,00% F20 330K OHM I W 5,00% TAS2	SMART SMART	R3 RI
81	0TR3I9809AB 0TR3I9809AB	TRANSISTOR TRANSISTOR	KTC3198 (KTC1815) KEC TP T092 NA NA	KEC CHANGJIANG	03,05
82 83	OTRKE0000BA	TRANSISTOR, BIPOLARS	KEC KTBIISI BK TOI26 60V 5A KEC KRCIO6S R/TP SOT23 50V IOOMA	KEC KEC	02,04 QI
84	0TRKE800I6A 6200JB8004A	TRANSISTOR, BIPOLARS FILTER (CIRC), EMC	ICV940050 TNC	TNC	LI
85 86	6200JB8007X 6210JB800IA	FILTER(CIRC), EMC	UVII-05320 TNC BK 0,5A 320M- BF33610A0 SAMIHA IT952 BEAD FILTER JTP1280A6 JEIL 12VDC 50AA	TNC /EUROTRONIX SAM WHA	L2 FBI
87	6600RRT00IZ	SWITCH, TACT	JTP1280A6 JEIL 12VDC 50MA -	JEIL	SWI J03,J04,J06-JI2,JI5(IOMM)
89	6854B5000IA	JUMP WIRE	0.6MM 52MM TP TAPING SN	DAE A LEAD	JI3,JI4(8MM)
	0.44 6000	P. P. POLINIC	21 250 C ON D ON LITTE DOE TOUR	CHI II IVO MI	J01,J02,J05(12,5MM)
90 91	ISBF0302418	FUSE, DRAWING SCREW TAP TITE(S), BINDING HEAD	ZA 250V - SLOW-BLOW LITTELFUSE,TRIAD + D3.0 L8.0 MSWR3/FZY	SAM JU KYO YUK HAENG SUNG	FUSEI
93	4920JB3007A SSIZU-LOSAA	HEAT SINK	23,3417425 DRIVE IC STR R-964,65,73 2PIN I-SCREW 3MM - LFM-38, SN 3,046-0.5CU% 3,0MM	(IC2) TAESUNG, PHOTOSELL	(IC2)
95	7245ZB0004A	SOLDER, SOLDERING FLUX	SV-PBF-06 KSK 12.5 WT% 0.815+-0.003	-	-
96 97	0CK22I025I0	SOLDER(ROSIN WIRE) RSO CAPACITOR, FIXED CERAMIC		SAM WHA/HONG MING	- CC21, CC22
98	0IKE650030C 0RJ200IE672	IC, STANDARD LOGIC RESISTOR, METAL GLAZED (CHIP)	KID65003AF 16 SOP BK 7CH DRIVE 2K OHM I / 8 W 5% 2012 R/TP	KEC ROHM	106
100	0HD200IG609	HESISTOR, FIXED CARBON FILM	2K OHM I/4 W 5% TA52	SMART	R21,R23-R25,R39,R17,R26,R45 R20,R22,R27,R36,R38
101	ORJI00IE672 ODZMR00029A ORD390IG609	DIODE, ZENERS	100 OHM 1/8 W 5% 2012 R/TP IN5232B MOTORORA TP D034 0.5W 5.6V 8IMA .PF	ROHM DEL TA	R7 ZDI
103	0RD390IG609 0RJ390IE672	IRESISTOR.METAL GLAZED.(CHIP)	3.9K OHM 1/4 W 5% TA52 3.9K OHM 1/8 W 5% 2012 R/TP	SMART ROHM	R34 R4I
105	0RJ1002E672	RESISTOR, METAL GLAZED (GHIP)	JOKOHM 1/8 W 5½ 2012 R/TP IOK OHM 1/4 W 5½ TA52	ROHM	RI5,R28-30,RCRI,R42
106	0RD470IG609	RESISTOR, FIXED CARBON FILM	4.7K OHM 1/4 W 5% TA52	SMART SMART	R35 R16,R18,R33,R40,R46
108	OCK1040K949	CAPACITOR_FIXED_CERAMIC(High_dielectroic)	4.7K OHM I/8 W 5% 2012 R/TP 0.IUF D 50V 80%,-20% F(Y5V) TA52	ROHM SAM WHA	RI4,R37 CC4
110	OCK104DK9BA ORNI002F409	CAPACITOR, FIXED CERAMIC(High dielectric) RESISTOR, FIXED METAL OXIDE FILM	0.1UF 2012 50V 80%, -20% R/TP JE 10K 0+M 1/6 W 1,00% TAS2	MURATA SMART	CC3,CC5-7,CCI0,CM4
II2	0RJ3300E672	RESISTOR, METAL GLAZED (CHIP)	330 OHM I/8 W 5% 2012 R/TP	ROHM	R43
113			330 OHM I/4 W 5,00% TA52 PAC-ALL GGPP PAC OO LGETA SSC-03-22008	SMART SANGSHIN ELEC.	R3I LI

8-5-3 PWB Assembly, Display, And Parts List



		1		1	1
No	P/N0	DESCRIPTION	SPEC	MAKER	REMARK
	5870JB8253C	PWB(PCB)	'06 BRAVOI LED MODULE DISPLAY PCB	DAEDUCK/SG-COM	STH
2	-	REFLECTOR	NOLYL	IL SAN	-
3	4140JB800IB	NAME PLATE, P(H)	'06 BRAVOI LED MODULE	IL SAN	투괴율70%
4	6630JB8005C	WAFER	SMAW250-04(Angle tupe)	NYEOSANHO	\$0\\£7\0%
5	6630JB8005J	WAFER	SMAW250-02(Angle tupe)	YEON-HO	CONIO2
6	OIZZJB208IA	IC.DRAWING	TMP87PH47U 44P OFP DIP OTP BRAVOI-PJT	TOSHIBA	ICIOI(c/sum; 056F)
7	OIPMGKE028A		KIA78L05F KEC 3PIN SOT-89 R/TP 5V I50MA REGULATOR	KEC	ICI02
8	OISTLKE003A	IC,STANDARD LOGIC	KIA7042AF KEC SOT-89 TP RESET IC	KEC	ICI03
9	01RH934600D	IC,ROHM	BR93LC46RF-W 8PIN SOP BK EEPROM	ROHM	ICI04
10	01KE657830B	IC,STANDARD LOGIC	KID65783AF 20PIN SOP TRAY TR ARRAY BUFFER	KEC	IC105
II	01KE650030C	C,STANDARD LOGIC	KID65003AF I6SOP BK 7CH DRIVER	KEC	ICI06, IO7
12	OISTLKE004A	IC,STANDARD LOGIC	KRAIO6S KEC SOT-23 TP TRANSISTOR/ DTAI43ZCA SOT-23	KEC, CHANGJIANG	0102
13	OISTLKE005A		KRCI06S KEC SOT-23 TP TRANSISTOR/ DTCI43ZCA SOT-23	KEC, CHANGJIANG	0101,103,104,106
14	OISTLKE006A		KTAI298 KEC SOT-23 TP TRANSISTOR/ KTAI298 SOT-23	KEC, CHANGJIANG	0105
15	6212BB3245A	RESONATOR, CERAMIC	CSTCR4MOOG53-RO MURATA 4.OMHZ +/- 0.5% T/R SMD	MURATA	OSCI0I
16	OCEI07VF6DC	CAPACITOR, FIXED ELECTROLYTIC	100UF MV 16V 20% R/TP(SMD) SMD	RUBYCON, G-LUXON	Œ102
17	OCE476VH6DC	CAPACITOR, FIXED ELECTROLYTIC	47UF MV 25V 20% R/TP(SMD) SMD	RUBYCON, G-LUXON	Œ103
18	OCK IO4DK94A	CAPACITOR, FIXED CERAMIC (HIGH	100NF 2012 50V 80%, -20% R/TP F(Y5V)	MURATA	CC101-108
19	OCKIO2DK94A	CAPACITOR, FIXED CERAMIC (HIGH	INF 2012 50V 80%, -20% R/TP F(Y5V)	MURATA	CC109-113
20	0DRRM00028A	DIODE, RECTIFIERS	RLR4004 ROHM R/TP SOT23 400V IA 20A .SEC IOMA	ROHM	DI01-106
21	0RJ1001E672	RESISTOR, METAL GLAZED (CHIP)	IK OHM I/8 W 5% 2012 R/TP	SMART, ROHM	RI02,106,125-129
22	0RJ200IE672	RESISTOR, METAL GLAZED (CHIP)	2K OHM 1/8 W 5% 2012 R/TP	SMART, ROHM	RIOI,109
23	0RJ470IE672	RESISTOR, METAL GLAZED (CHIP)	4.7K OHM 1/8 W 5% 2012 R/TP	SMART, ROHM	RI03,104,110
24	0RJI502E672	RESISTOR, METAL GLAZED (CHIP)	15K OHM 1/8 W 5% 2012 R/TP	SMART, ROHM	RI08
25	0RJ1004E672	RESISTOR, METAL GLAZED (CHIP)	IM OHM 1/8 W 5% 2012 R/TP	SMART, ROHM	RI05
26	0RJ470IE672	RESISTOR, METAL GLAZED (CHIP)	4.7K OHM I/8 W 5% 2012 R/TP	SMART, ROHM	RI30-I34
27	0RD2200E672	RESISTOR, FIXED CARBON	220 OHM I/8 W 5% 2012 R/TP	SMART, ROHM	RI07
28	0RJ2400H680	RESISTOR, METAL GLAZED (CHIP)	240 OHM 1/2 W 5% 5025 R/TP	ROHM	RII3-122
29	0RJI200H680	RESISTOR, METAL GLAZED (CHIP)	120 OHM 1/2 W 5% 5025 R/TP	ROHM	RI23, I24
30	0RJ0682G676	RESISTOR, METAL GLAZED (CHIP)	68 OHM 1/4 W 5% 3216 R/TP	ROHM	RI35
31	4930JA310IA		PC-ABS(H:13mm)	-	SWIOI-SWIO5
32	6600JB8007F		ADMOIP-R	AD SEMICON	SWIOI-SWIO5
33		GASKET ASSEMBLY	ADMOIP-R (Gasket sponge colon:WHITE/ H:3.0T)	AD SEMICON	SWI01-SWI05
34	ODZRMOO188A	DIODE, ZENERS	RLZ ROHM R/TP LLDS(LL-34) 500MW 5.6V 20	ROHM	ZDIOI
35	0RJ0000E672		0 OHM 1/8 W 5% 2012 R/TP	ROHM	OPI OPI
36	6908JB8003A		BM-20B BUJEON PIEZO 4KHZ 85DB	BUJEON	BUZZER
37	ODLER0108AA	LED	19-213/G6C-ANIP2B/3T(NI,N2 Rank)	EVERIGHT	LI0I-135,L20I-249
38	ODLER0108AA	LED	19-213/G6C-ANIP2B/3T(NI,N2 Rank)	EVERIGHT	LI37-I39
39					
40	SS0000019AA	METAL CREAM	LFM-48W TM-TS PB FREE HEESUNG METAL	HEESUNG	
			CREAM SNAGCU SN+3.0AG+0.5CU%-		
41	SS0000008AA	SOLDER	SR-34 PB FREE, LFM-48	HEESUNG	

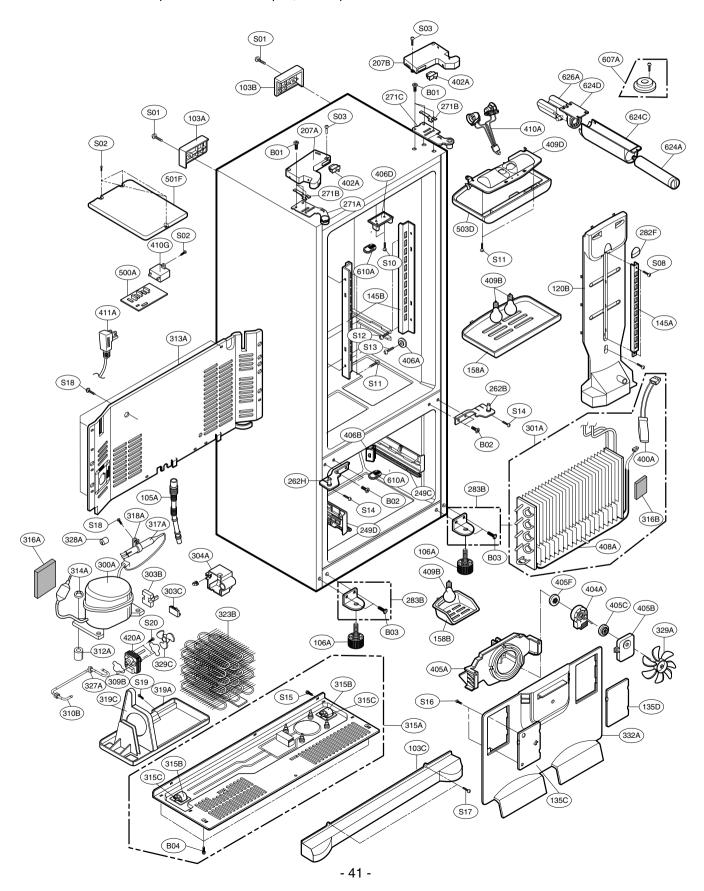




9. EXPLODED VIEW & REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST

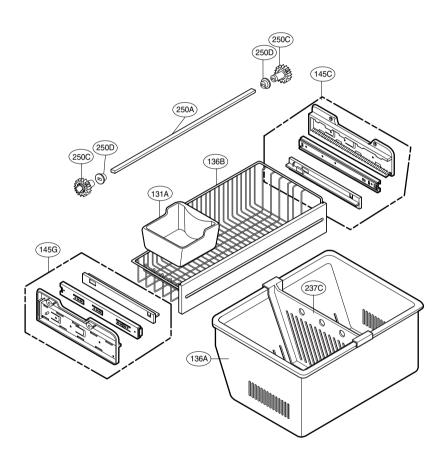
CASE PARTS

CAUTION: Use the part number to order part, not the position number.



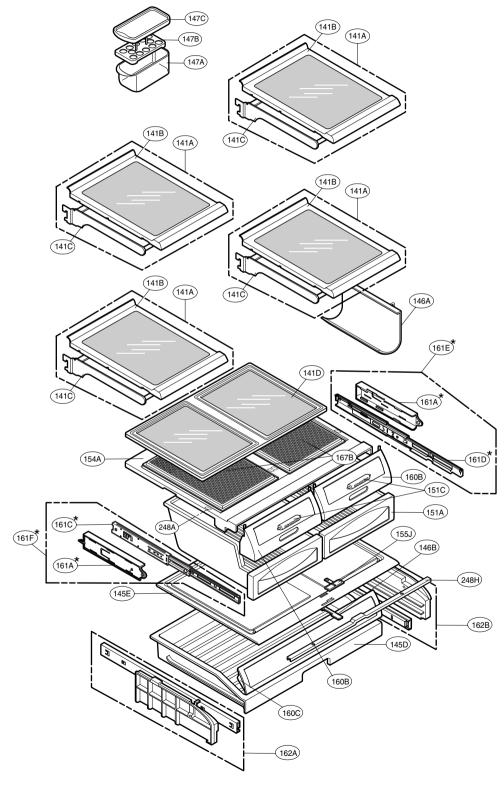
FREEZER PARTS

CAUTION: Use the part number to order part, not the position number.



REFRIGERATOR PARTS

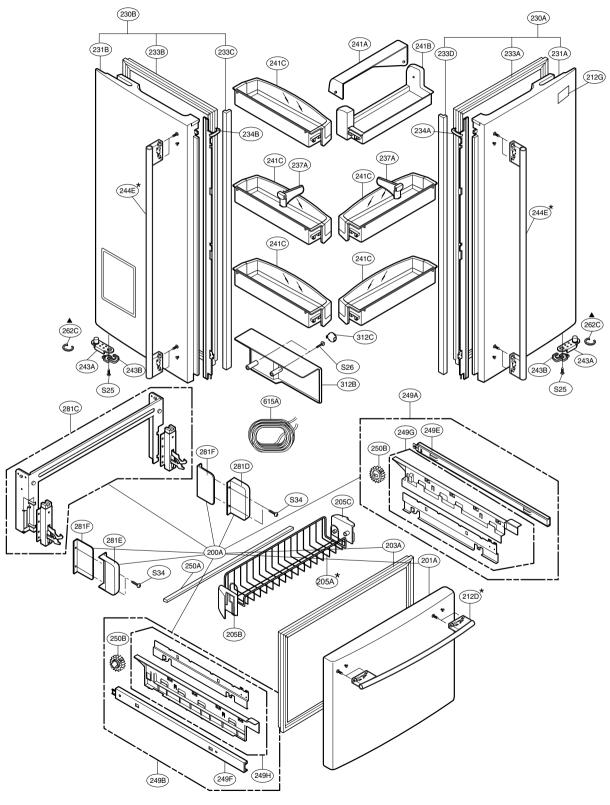
CAUTION: Use the part number to order part, not the position number.



*: only LFD21860**

DOOR PARTS

CAUTION: Use the part number to order part, not the position number.

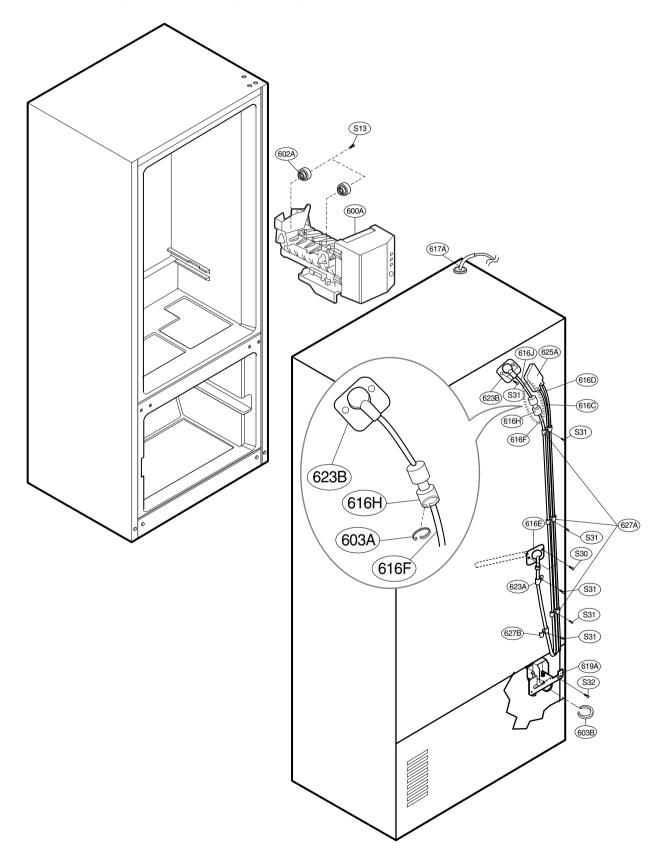


*: on some models

▲ Only for the service

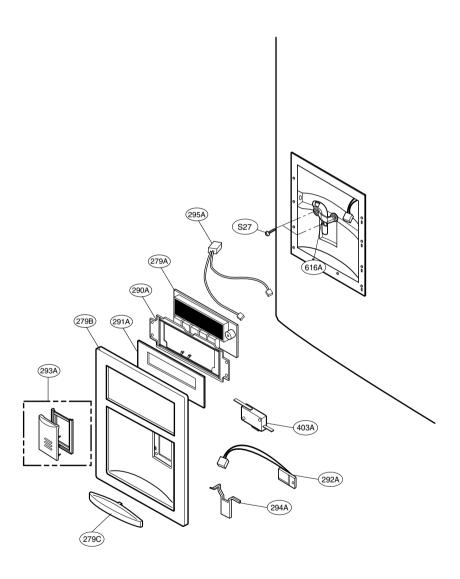
WATER AND ICEMAKER PARTS

CAUTION: Use the part number to order part, not the position number.



DISPENSER PARTS

CAUTION: Use the part number to order part, not the position number.





P/No. 3828JD8990F APR., 2006 Printed in Korea